VISIMIX LAMINAR. HOMOGENIZING OF NON-NEWTONIAN COMPOSITION WITH HIGH-SHEAR IMPELLER.

Mixing tank:

Bottom type – elliptical, Inside diameter – 36 in, Total height – 40 in, Height of media – 30 in.

Tank entering table is shown in the Figure 1.

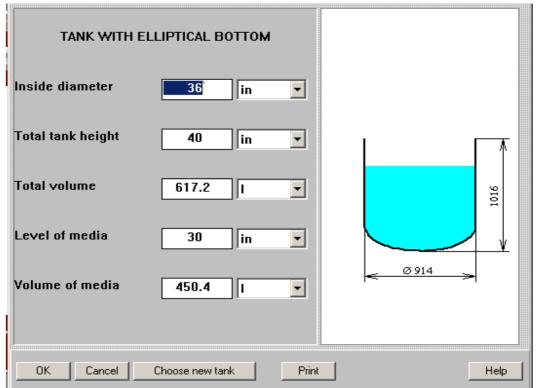


Figure 1. Input of the Tank sizes.

Impeller: a tooth-disk impeller with tangential teeth – see Figure 2. **The media** is a viscous non-Newtonian mixture with the following properties:

Density	1200 kg/cub. m
Rheological constant, K	15 Pa*s ^{1-m}
Rheological exponent, m	0.3
Yield stress, τ_0	6 N/m ²

The corresponding VisiMix input table is shown in the Figure 3.

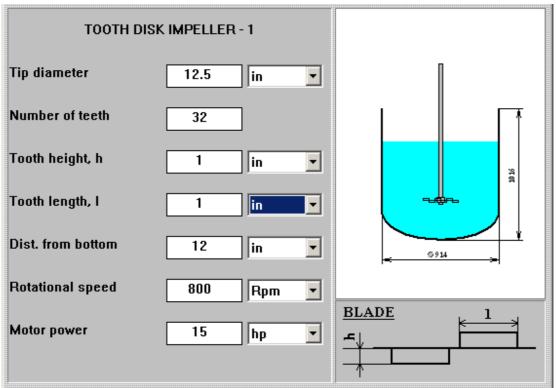


Figure 2. Input of impeller parameters.

		AVERAGE PROPE	RTIES OF MEDIA
🔷 New	Type of media vtonian 🔶 No	n-Newtonian	Behavior of Non-Newtonian media is approximated with the functions:
Average density Dynamic viscosity Kinematic viscosity	1200	kg/cub.m ▼ Pa*s ▼	τ = τo + K * γn μ = τo * γ-1 + K * γn-1,
Constant K Exponent n	15	Pa*(sec) ⁿ	where μ - dynamic viscosity, Pa*sec; γ - shear rate, 1/sec; τ - shear stress, Pa; τ _o -yield stress, Pa.
Yield stress	6	N/sq.m 💌	

Figure 3. Entering rheological parameters on non-Newtonian liquid.

Some results of VisiMix modeling.

1. Mixing power and torque – Figures 4 - 6.

Project	Edit input	Calculate	Supplements	Last	t menu	Last input table	Window	View	Hel
Flow o	haracteristics	5		►)			
Power	and forces			►	Mixin	ng power			
Specif	ic power			•	Torq	2.			
Shear	around the ir	mpeller blade	s	→		er number eller Reynolds numb	er		
Shear	on the tank v	vall		•	Axia	l force applied to im	peller		
Blendi	ng. Uniformity	y of mixing		►					
High s	hear treatme	nt (destructi	on of aggregate	s) 🕨					
Heat	Fransfer			►					
Mecha	anical calculati	ions of shaft	s	►					

Figure 4. Main menu of the program VisiMix Laminar.

Units	Value
w	5790
-	W

Figure 5. Calculated value of mixing power.

	TORQUE		
Parameter name	I	Units	Value
Torque	:	N*m	69.1
	L.		For HELP press

Figure 6. Calculated value of torque moment.

2. Calculation of shear characteristics in zone around the blades – see Figures 7-10.

Shear around the impeller blades		Character and the investigation of
Shear on the tank wall	•	Shear rate near the impeller blades Shear stress near the impeller blades
Blending, Uniformity of mixing	•	Effective viscosity near the impeller blades Relative volume of impeller shear zone
High shear treatment (destruction of aggregates)	•	Relative volume or impelier shear zone

Figure 7. Sub-menu of shear parameters in the impeller zone.

SHEAR RATE NEAR THE	E IMPELLER I	BLADES
Parameter name	Units	Value
Shear rate near the impeller blades	1/sec	8010
		For HELP pre

Figure 8. Maximum shear rate in the impeller zone.

EFFECTIVE VISCOSITY NEAR TH	E IMPE	LLER BLADES			
Parameter name	Units	Value			
Effective viscosity near the impeller blades	Pa*s	1.01			

Figure 9. Local effective viscosity in the impeller zone.

SHEAR STRESS NEAR THE IM	PELLER	BLADES	
Parameter name	Units	Value	
Shear stress near the impeller blades	N/sq.m	8110	
For HELP press 1			

Figure 10. Maximum shear stress in the impeller zone.

3. Calculation of shear on the tank wall – see Figures 11 - 14.

Shear on the tank wall	•	Average shear rate near the tank wall
Blending. Uniformity of mixing	►	Average shear stress near the tank wall
High shear treatment (destruction of aggregates)	۰.	Effective viscosity near the tank wall

Figure 11. Sub-menu of shear characteristics on the tank wall.

AVERAGE SHEAR RATE NEA	R THE TA	ANK WALL		
Parameter name	Units	Value		
Average shear rate near the tank wall	1/sec	9.17		
For HELP press				

Figure 12. Shear rate on the tank wall.

EFFECTIVE VISCOSITY NEA	AR THE TA	NK WALL	
Parameter name	Units	Value	
Effective viscosity near the tank wall	Pa*s	8.37	
For HELP press			

Figure 13. Effective viscosity on the tank wall.

AVERAGE SHEAR STRESS NEAR THE TANK WALL					
Parameter name	Units	Value			
Average shear stress near the tank wall	N/sq.m	76.7			
For HELP press 1					

Figure 14. Shear stress on the tank wall.

4. Mathematical modeling of mixing dynamics.

Expected mixing duration- 30 min. Figure 15.

	PROCESS DU	RATION	
Process dura	ition 1 30	min	•
ок	Cancel		Help

Figure 15. Entering mixing duration.

Results of mathematical modeling of blending – Figures 16 - 18.

Shear on the tank wall	۲	
Blending. Uniformity of mixing	Þ	Unmixed part of media vs.time (%)
High shear treatment (destruction of aggregates)	Þ	Unmixed part of media (%), final value
Heat Transfer	۲	Mean circulation time
Mechanical calculations of shafts	۲	Mixing time Time for unmixed part of media to reach 1%
		Characteristic function of tracer distribution
		Dynamics of mixing/blending
		Dynamics of mixing/blending. Double - impeller system.

Figure 16. Sub-menu of macro-scale mixing (blending).

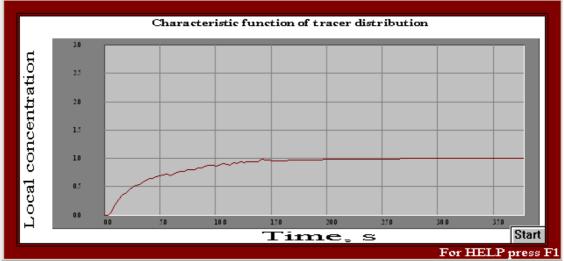


Figure 17. Macro-scale mixing dynamics.

UNMIXED PART OF MEDIA (%), FINAL VALUE				
Parameter name	Units	Value		
Process duration	s	1800		
Unmixed part of media (%), final value		0.0185		
For HELP pres				

Figure 18. Completeness of mixing (stochastic evaluation).

High shear treatment of mixture in impeller zone (homogenizing) – Figures 19-21.

High shear treatment (destruction of aggregates)	≯	Shear stress near the impeller blades
Heat Transfer	►	Relative volume of impeller shear zone
Mechanical calculations of shafts	•	Untreated fraction of media Untreated fraction of media. Double - impeller system

Figure 19. High shear treatment sub-menu.

RELATIVE VOLUME OF IMPELLER SHEAR ZONE				
Parameter name	Units	Value		
Relative volume of impeller shear zone		0.000192		
		For HELP pre		

Figure 20. Relative volume of the maximum shear zone.

UNTREATED FRACTION OF MEDIA						
Parameter name	Units	Value				
Untreated fraction of media (%), less than 1 cycle of treatment		0.000498				
Untreated fraction of media (%), less than 2 cycles of treatment		0.00659				
Untreated fraction of media (%), less than 5 cycles of treatment		0.659				
For HELP press 1						

Figure 21. Fraction of media that is blended but not completely homogenized in the high shear zone (stochastic evaluation).